

Claims

- [c1] 1. A method for fabricating a metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor, comprising:
- providing a substrate, said substrate having a gate structure;
 - forming a drain region and a source region in said substrate, beside two sides of said gate structure, respectively;
 - forming a metal silicide layer on the surface of said gate structure, said drain region, and said source region;
 - forming a patterned block on said metal silicide layer above said gate structure, and forming a first dielectric layer above said substrate except said gate structure, wherein said patterned block is formed above a center of said gate structure and said metal silicide layer above said gate structure beside two sides of said patterned block is exposed;
 - removing a portion of said metal silicide layer and a portion of said gate structure by using said patterned block as a mask; and
 - forming a drain extension region and a source extension region in said substrate, said drain extension region and said source extension region being on two sides of said

remaining gate structure.

- [c2] 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said step of forming said patterned block and said first dielectric layer includes performing a high density plasma chemical vapor deposition.
- [c3] 3.The method of claim 1, wherein said patterned block and said first dielectric layer are silicon oxide.
- [c4] 4. The method of claim 1, wherein said metal silicide layer exposed on the one side of said patterned block and on the other side of said patterned block are symmetrical and have a same area.
- [c5] 5.The method of claim 1, wherein said step of forming said patterned block and said first dielectric layer further comprises
forming a dielectric material layer; and
etching back said dielectric material layer.
- [c6] 6.The method of claim 1, wherein after said step of forming said drain extension region and said source extension region, the method further comprises forming a second dielectric layer on said substrate.
- [c7] 7.The method of claim 1, wherein after said step of forming said drain extension region and said source ex-

tension region and before said step of forming said metal silicide layer, the method further comprises forming a lining layer on said substrate to cover said gate structure, said drain region, and said source region; and etching back said lining layer to have said lining layer being remained on a sidewall of said gate structure.

- [c8] 8.A method for reducing a line width of a gate, comprising:
providing a substrate, said substrate having a gate structure;
forming a patterned block on said gate structure with a high density plasma chemical vapor deposition, said patterned block being formed on the center of said gate structure, wherein said gate structure beside two sides of said patterned block is exposed; and
removing a portion of said gate structure by using said patterned block as a mask.
- [c9] 9.The method of claim 8, wherein said patterned block is silicon oxide.
- [c10] 10.The method of claim 8, wherein said gate structure exposed on the one side of said patterned block and on the other side of said patterned block are symmetrical and have a same area.

[c11]

11. The method of claim 8, said step of forming said patterned block further comprises;
forming a dielectric material layer with a high density plasma chemical vapor deposition ; and
etching back said dielectric material layer to form said patterned block.